**Keegan 6: Stalemate 07.28.15**

1. Briefly describe the trench system including these terms: barbed wire, dugout, trench, communications trench, parapet, parallel, revetment, no man’s land, entanglement, guides, signboards.
2. On the Eastern front, about how far apart were enemy trenches? On the Western front?
3. How quickly could the British move a cubic foot of earth in order to entrench?
4. How did soldiers cross those parts of the front where breastworks had fallen in?
5. What was the “race to the sea”?
6. What was the great advantage of controlling the chalk downs in Artois and Champagne?
7. What was involved in the British policy of dominating no man’s land?
8. What is an artesian well? Where did it originate?
9. Describe the conflict between Falkenhayn versus Hindenburg and Ludendorff. What compromise occurred?
10. What is an “exchange ratio”? And what was that, in particular at Neuve-Chappelle? Who won that battle?
11. What about the Indian troops’ warrior tradition was unsuited for the Western front? Where did they fight after the Ypres Salient?
12. Who introduced the use of poisonous gas? When? To what effect? What were the varieties of gas and their properties?
13. How did the Kitchener divisions differ from other British troops?
14. Consider the battle at Loos in September 1915: what were the German advantages? The British disadvantages? The Germans’ responses to British casualties and withdrawal?

1. What results did Petain and Langle attain in the Champagne heights? With what casualties?